

Christopher Kim, MD

The Iowa Clinic Orthopaedics Department

Ankle Arthroscopy with or w/o Talus OCD Microfracture Rehab Protocol

Frequency: 2-3 visits/week

Duration: 4 months

Post-operative Period

0 to 1 week

Splint immobilization Crutches with non-weight-bearing Daily icing, compression and elevation home program If microfracture is performed Toe touch weightbearing is continued for 6 weeks with crutches

Advance to weightbearing as tolerated to wean the crutches off by 8 weeks Perform ROM and strengthening exercises non-weightbearing for first 6 weeks

1 to 3 weeks

Wean off splint and crutches (see above if microfracture performed) Early, gentle ROM Normalize gait pattern Active assisted/passive stretching (3 times/day) Modalities as indicated Daily HEP to include elevation, compression and icing

3 to 6 weeks

Advance range of motion exercises Foot intrinsic strengthening Ankle isometric strengthening exercises Balance and proprioception exercises Stationary biking/swimming Begin 4-plane TheraBand strengthening Gradual return to functional activities Modalities as indicated Daily HEP



Functional Rehab Phase (6 to 12 weeks)

Continue and advance ankle strengthening exercises Evaluate for any core and hip weakness and treat accordingly Begin double leg squats, calf raises, and toe raises Progress to single leg squats, calf raises, and toe raises Advance balance and proprioception exercises Initiate elliptical trainer and treadmill walking as tolerated, then straight plane jogging Controlled lateral agility work Modalities as indicated Daily HEP

Maintenance Phase

Consider bracing for activity/sports (not mandatory) Advanced single leg balance and proprioception exercises Progress lateral agility exercises and advanced agility drills Functional activity/sports-specific training Phase out supervised rehab Advance home strengthening program to be done daily Encourage maintenance gym work-outs focusing on ankle stabilization, core and hip strengthening

Criteria for Return to Sports/Full Activities:

- 1. Full functional range of motion
- 2. No pain or swelling with functional activities
- 3. Good core control and balance/proprioception